



SUMITOMO CHEMICAL

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DiPel SC

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, February 2016

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

Product identifier

Product name DiPel SC

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Application Insecticide

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier www.sumitomo-chem.com.au
Sumitomo Chemical Australia Pty Ltd
Level 5, 51 Rawson Street,
EPPING, NSW 2121
(02) 8752 9000
(02) 8752 9099
Reception@sumitomo-chem.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone 1800 024 973 (Australia) 0800 243 6225 (New Zealand)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Sens. 1 - H317

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains Bacillus thuringiensis

Other hazards

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This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Substances

Other, non-hazardous ingredients	76.3%
CAS number: —	

Bacillus thuringiensis	23.7%
CAS number: 68038-71-1	

Product name DiPel SC

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131126; New Zealand 0800 764 766), and follow the advice given. Show this Safety Data Sheet to a doctor.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Keep affected person under observation. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Do not rub eye. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Skin contact May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact May cause minor irritation

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on general occupational hygiene Wash promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area, away from direct sunlight Do NOT expose to extremes of temperature or to direct sunlight

Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1

SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.

Eye/face protection

Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

No specific hand protection recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Respiratory protection

Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.

Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Brown.

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Odour	Burnt caramel
pH	5.2-5.5 (1% slurry)
Initial boiling point and range	>200°C
Flash point	182°C
Relative density	0.96

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5,050 mg/kg, Rat

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD₅₀) LD₅₀ >5,050 mg/kg, Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC₅₀) LC₅₀ > 2.95 mg/l, Rat, (4 h)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Not irritating. (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Slightly irritating. (Rabbit)

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Sensitising. (Guinea pig)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

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Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity - development Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation

A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

Ingestion

May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Skin Contact

May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Eye contact

May be slightly irritating to eyes.

Route of entry

Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs

No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations

Skin disorders and allergies.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Data for active ingredient only.

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

EC₅₀, 48 hour: >50 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - terrestrial

Nontoxic to honeybee

Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates

NOEC, 21 days: >5.0 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability

The degradability of the product is not known.

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available on bioaccumulation.

Mobility in soil

Mobility

No data available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Other adverse effects

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Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered.

Disposal methods Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.
If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging for appropriate disposal to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

General Not a dangerous good according to ADG code 7

UN number

UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)

Packing group

Environmental hazards

Special precautions for user

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Inventories

Australia - AICS

Not applicable

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

Training advice Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision date 27/10/2016

Revision 1

SDS No. 4709

Hazard statements in full H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.