CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING



BIOLOGICAL INSECTICIDE SUSPENSION CONCENTRATE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: Bacillus thuringiensis subsp kurstaki ABTS-351 Carrier: 683 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBONS

GROUP **11A** INSECTICIDE

For control of Lepidoptera pests on field crops and cotton as per the DIRECTIONS FOR USE table

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

DiPel[®] SC contains live spores and endotoxin of a naturally occurring bacterium. This product is toxic only to caterpillars of certain Lepidopterous insects (moths and butterflies). It does not harm beneficial insects and mite predators and there are no harmful crop residues. The product does not kill immediately. Once a caterpillar eats treated foliage, it stops feeding, thus protecting the crop from further damage, but it may remain on the foliage before rotting and dropping to the ground, which normally occurs within 3-4 days.

INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE WARNING

GROUP 11A INSECTICIDE

For insecticide resistance management DiPel[®] SC is a Group 11A insecticide.

Some naturally occurring insect biotypes resistant to DiPel[®] SC and other Group 11A insecticides may exist through normal genetic variability in any insect population.

The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if DiPel[®] SC or other Group 11A insecticides are used repeatedly. The effectiveness of DiPel[®]SC on resistant individuals could be significantly reduced. Since occurrence of resistant individuals is difficult to detect prior to use, Valent BioSciences and Sumitomo Chemical Australia accept no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of DiPel[®]SC to control resistant insects.

DiPel[®] SC may be subject to specific resistant management strategies. For further information contact your local supplier, Sumitomo Chemical Australia representative or local agricultural department agronomist.

MIXING

Ground and low-volume application: When combining DiPel[®] SC with other compatible products in spray tanks, ensure that tanks are first emptied of all insecticides and washed out thoroughly. Add water to the spray tank to the level which provides maximum agitation. Add a buffering agent when using water with a pH greater than 8.5. With the agitator running, add

the DiPel[®] SC. Continue the agitation, add the other products and then the balance of water. Maintain the suspension whilst loading and spraying.

APPLICATION:

As this product must be ingested, thorough spray coverage is essential. If rain falls shortly after treatment, re-treatment may be necessary. For best results time application to coincide with egg hatch and avoid day time spraying of DiPel[®] SC during hot weather. Repeat treatments as indicated by regular crop checking. To obtain maximum assistance from beneficial insects, avoid use of broad spectrum insecticides during a programme of the above sprays. Ensure label recommendations for any product mixed with DiPel[®] SC are followed when mixing with DiPel[®] SC.

Ground Application: Apply in a minimum of 100L/ha to ensure good coverage.

Aerial ULV Application: Apply in a minimum total volume of 3L/ha. If necessary, use Ampol D-C-Tron spray oil to make up to this volume. Use constant agitation when tank mixing.

Aerial Low Volume Application: Apply in a minimum of 30L/ha for low volume aerial application.

COMPATIBILITY

DiPel[®] SC is compatible with most insecticides and fungicides including most ULV formulations.

Any product formulated as an emulsifiable concentrate (EC) should only be used as an EC formulation not as a ULV when mixed with DiPel[®] SC.

DO NOT apply as a tank mix with or within 2 days of application of alkaline products such as cupric hydroxide (Kocide), foliar nutrients (except for flowable Zintrac and zinc sulphate), liquid fertilizers or Bordeaux mixture.

PRECAUTIONS

DO NOT use human flagger/markers unless they are protected by engineering controls such as enclosed cabs.

DO NOT use ULV product for ground (handheld or rig) application



RE-ENTRY

DO NOT enter until the spray has dried. When prior entry is necessary, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), chemical resistant gloves and a disposable mist/fume mask. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT contaminate ponds, waterways or drains with the product or used containers. The empty container must not be re-used for any other purposes.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the original container, tightly closed in a safe well-ventilated area as cool as possible. **DO NOT** expose to extremes of temperature or to direct sunlight.

Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tanks. **DO NOT** dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. **DO NOT** inhale vapour or spray mist.

When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat, elbowlength PVC gloves and a disposable mist mask covering mouth and nose. When using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, a washable hat and elbow-length PVC gloves

After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (phone 13 11 26).

SDS

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

IMPORTANT NOTICE

These goods are to be used only for the purpose and as specified on the label, and are not suitable for any other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or bear any liability on any basis for any loss, damage, cost or expense, arising in any way, directly or indirectly, in connection with the goods.

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- APVMA Approval No.: 52835/101012

MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water If skin irritation occurs: Get medical Advice/Attention

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A DANGEROUS GOOD UNDER THE AUSTRALIAN CODE FOR THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD OR RAIL

In a Transport Emergency	SPECIALIST ADVICE
Dial 000 Police or Fire Brigade	IN EMERGENCY ONLY
	ALL HOURS - AUSTRALIA WIDE
	1800 024 973



DIRECTIONS FOR USE:

CROP	PESTS	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Pulse crops and oilseed crops including: Adzuki beans Canola Chickpeas Faba Beans Field Peas Lentils Linola Linseed Lucerne Lupins Mungbeans Navybeans Pigeon Peas Safflower Soybeans Sunflower Vetch	Lepidopteran larvae susceptible to DiPel [®] including: Armyworm (<i>Spodoptera</i> spp.) Cotton bollworm (<i>Helicoverpa</i> armigera) Native budworm (<i>Helicoverpa</i> punctigera) Cabbage moth (<i>Plutella xylostella</i>) Cabbage white butterfly (<i>Pieris rapae</i>) Green looper (<i>Chrysodeixis</i> eriosoma) Pear looper (<i>Ectropis excursaria</i>) Soybean looper (<i>Thysanoplusia</i> orichalcea) Tobacco looper (<i>Chrysodeixis</i> argentifera)	1.0-4.0 L/ha (refer to Application section for water volumes)	DiPel [®] SC is a highly selective insecticide for use against the listed caterpillars (larwae) of lepidopterous insects. Close scouting and early attention to infestations is highly recommended. Larvae must eat deposits of DiPel [®] SC to be afficeted. Close scouting and thorough spray coverage of the crop are all essential to achieve an efficacious result. Important Note: Users should not expect high levels of efficacy where the optimum conditions (see below) for use are not possible. Users may need to consider alternative control methods where conditions are not optimal, or when pest pressure is high and where crops may be sensitive to damage. The suitability of DiPel [®] SC as a control measure for each crop should be determined through consultation with local industry advisers, company representatives or small scale tests before treatment of a large area or number of plants begins. CPO MONITORINC: Time the correct time. APPLICATION TIMING: Time the correct time. APPLICATION TIMING: Time the commencement of spraying to coincide with egg hatch or treat FIRST instar larvae and before damage to the plant occurs. Applications to later instar larvae or mixed populations of first and later instars are unlikely to produce acceptable levels of control. As larvae must ingest DiPel [®] SC to rit to be effective, application. Or ops where fulling structures or dense canopies are present is therefore also not recommended unless good coverage is still possible and some level of crop damage can be tolerated. The activity of DiPel [®] SC commences to decline immediately after application. Under continual pest pressure a minimum of 2 sprays separated by no more than 3 days initially, and then reapply at 3 -5 day intervals as required. Spray late in the afternoon or early evening (before dew begins to settle) when larvae must be actively feeding nerables of larvae fress. Annoin deposition of DiPel [®] SC at the site of larvae fress than 15 mm long. SPRAY COVERAGE: Larval control is only achieved when the larvae ingest DiP



CROP	PESTS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Cotton		NSW, Qld only	1 to 2L/ha 3 to 4L/ha	Pre-Squaring Cotton Apply DiPel® SC alone in pre-squaring cotton. Use the 1L rate under egg pressure of up to 10 eggs/m and the 2L rate under egg pressures of up to 20 eggs/m. Cotton – After Start of Squaring Apply with 1.5 to 2.0L/ha D-C-Tron after start of squaring when egg pressures are less than 10 eggs/m and larvae are less than 8mm. Use higher rate of D-C-Tron with the higher rate of DiPel SC.
			1 to 2 L/ha + thiodicarb 175g a.c./ha	Eggs and Hatching Larvae Only Use the 1 L DiPel [®] SC rate under egg pressures of up to 30 eggs/m. Use the 2 L DiPel [®] SC rate under egg pressures of up to 30 eggs/m and hatching larvae present.
			1L/ha + thiodicarb 350g a.c./ha	Larvae up to 8 mm Use this mixture under egg pressures of up to 30 eggs/m and larvae up to 8mm present
			1.5 to 2L/ha + 1.7 to 2.5 L/ha Dominex 16ULV or 1.5 to 2L/ha + 460 to 800mL/ha Bulldock Duo	Use the lower rate of DiPel [®] SC and Dominex 16ULV or Bulldock Duo when egg pressure is low (less than 10 eggs/m egg pressure), all larvae are less than 3 mm (very small category) and resistance levels are low. Use the higher rate of DiPel [®] SC as resistance levels increase. Use higher rates of Dominex 16ULV or Bulldock Duo when egg pressure is higher and/or when larvae larger than 3mm are found.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USING DIPEL® SC BIOLOGICAL INSECTICIDE ALONE.

ENSURE WITHHOLDING PERIODS FOR THIODICARB, DOMINEX 16ULV AND BULLDOCK DUO ARE FOLLOWED WHEN USING MIXTURES.